# tefitoulouse

Name: Nancy Vergauwen Date: 02/07/2025 Level: Intermediate **Number of students expected: Topic:** eating habits Main lesson focus (underline one): Grammar / Vocabulary / Pronunciation / Reading / Listening / Speaking / Writing Learner outcome(s): The students will be able to talk in the present simple about their eating habits by using adverbs of frequency **Grammar: Adverbs of frequency** Vocabulary: adverbs of frrequency, Leftovers (n), schedule (n) balanced (n) sugary (adj), Do you have a sweet tooth Phrases: Materials: Exercices, lessonplan Assumptions: For this lesson I assume the Ss already know... some adverbs of frequency An anticipated problem: The level of the students My proposed solution: What I intend to work on based on previous feedback: More time to elicit the vocab, more iccg's for the instructions, reducing TTT

Stage of lesson No. of minutes	Procedure (What I / they do)	Objective (Why am I / are they doing this?)	Main skill students will be practising eg L
Warm up 5 min	<ol> <li>What did you eat for lunch this today?</li> <li>What did you eat for dinner yesterday?</li> <li>Did you eat breakfast this morning?</li> <li>I list words on the board ° breakfast, lunch, dinner</li> </ol>		
Engage	I show picture 1	The objective is to generate the interest and the cursiosity of	S
5 min	What do you see on this picture? List the words on ine side How can we call this food? Is this food good for our healthy?  I show picture 2	the students, to activate their prior knowledge and to introduce the topic of the lesson,	
	What do you see on this picture? List the words on ine side How can we call this food? Is this food good for our healthy?	Through the questions and the vsiuals the ss can start to think about the meaning and can	
	Toady we're going to talk about our eating habits,	connect his/her language to the visuals.	
Pre-teach voc	EDCB/ Stress!!	Introduction of the vocabulary	L+S
5 min	Leftovers (n) What word can you use for the food that you can eat anymore because you're full, Sterss on o schedule (n) Other word for planning, agenda? balanced (n) Draw a balance on the board, sugary (adj)  Do you have a sweet tooth	so SS can understand the text.	

Presentation			R + S
10 min	Part 1  We're going to talk about our eating habits. Let's have a look at mine first.  D: Individually	I use a short text to introduce the new target language naturally.	
	I: Read the text and answer the following question:  Focus question: What do you think about my eating habits? Healthy, average, bad?  M; S. Sheets		
	Comprehensive questions:  1. How many meals does the person usually eat in a day?		
	2. What does the person eat or drink for breakfast most of the time?		
	3. How often does the person eat meat, and what kind of meat do they prefer?		
	4. Does the person drink soda or sugary drinks often?		
	5. What types of food does the person like to cook for dinner?		
	6. How often does the person eat desserts or sweet treats?		
	7. Does the person prefer cooking at home or eating takeout?		
	8. What drinks does the person usually choose instead of soda or coffee?		
	9. How does the person describe their overall eating habits?		
	10.Based on the answers, would you say the person's eating habits are healthy, average, or bad? Why?		
10 min	Part 2: Adverbs of frequency. We fill in the schedule together the board.	Guided discovery of the	
	How we call the underlined words?	different adverbs.	

Elicit the adverbs by using questions;

Drill the words ccq's

100 % always

80 % often

75 % usually

50 % sometimes

20 % hardly ever

0 % never

## 1. Always

Meaning: 100% of the time, every time.

Example: I always drink tea.

Usage: Used for habits that happen all the time, without exception.

#### CCQs:

- If you always do something, do you ever skip it? (No)
- If I always brush my teeth, do I sometimes forget? (No)
- Does "always" mean sometimes or every time? (Every time)

## 2. Usually

Meaning: Most of the time, but not every time.

Example: I usually eat leftovers for lunch.

**Usage:** For actions that happen regularly but may occasionally be different.

# CCQs:

- If you usually eat breakfast, do you sometimes skip it? (Yes, sometimes)
- Does "usually" mean always or sometimes? (Most of the time, not

always)

• If I usually take the bus, do I sometimes take a taxi? (Yes)

## 3. Often

Meaning: Many times, but less than usually.

Example: I often eat three meals a day.

Usage: For actions that happen frequently but not as regularly as "usually."

#### CCQs:

• Does "often" mean every day? (Not always)

• If you often watch movies, do you watch movies sometimes? (Yes)

• Is "often" more frequent or less frequent than "usually"? (Less frequent)

#### 4. Sometimes

Meaning: Occasionally, not regularly.

Example: I sometimes just drink a cup of tea.

Usage: For actions that happen now and then, but not very often.

### CCQs:

• If you sometimes go to the gym, do you go every day? (No)

• Does "sometimes" mean never or often? (Sometimes)

• If I sometimes eat chocolate, do I eat it every day? (No)

# 5. Rarely

Meaning: Not often, almost never.

Example: I rarely eat meat.

Usage: For actions that happen very infrequently.

	CCQs:	
	• If you rarely eat sweets, do you eat them often? (No)	
	<ul> <li>Does "rarely" mean sometimes or almost never? (Almost never)</li> </ul>	
	• If I rarely drink soda, do I drink it a lot? (No)	
	6. Never	
	Meaning: At no time, not ever.  Example: I never eat red meat.	
	Usage: For actions that do not happen at all.	
	CCQs:	
	• If you never eat fast food, do you sometimes eat it? (No)	
	• Does "never" mean sometimes or not at all? (Not at all)	
	• If I say I never drink coffee, do I drink it sometimes? (No)	
	Write	Through the exercise the ss can
10 min	Practise 1:	safely use the new language
	D; Individually	with the correct form and meaning
	I: Fill in the gaps	meaning
	M: Model	
	T; 5 min	
	S; sheets	
	Fill in the blanks with the correct adverb of frequency from the box:	
	always / usually / often / sometimes / rarely / never	
	Correction in the classroom	

15 min	Part 1 D: In pairs I: Interview your classmate. Ask the questions from this sheet to your college and write the answer down. M: M, do you sometimes skip meals? S: I give them the sheets T: You have 10 min  Part 2 I: What did you find out about the eating habit of your college? And please use full senteces with the adverb of frequency. M; M. eats usually three meals a day. He sometimes drinks soda but rarely fast food.	The ss use the target language in an authentic context.	
Error correction	I correct some errors on the board		